

Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

Women possess independent legal, economic and spiritual identity with respect to access to land and property, and they have the right to acquire, hold, use, administer and dispose of property including land.

www.arabstates.gltn.net



Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

Women have the right to acquire, hold, use, administer and dispose of property including land. This may arise from purchase, inheritance, gifts and dower (*mahr*) transferred to a wife from her husband at the time of marriage.

www.arabstates.gltn.net



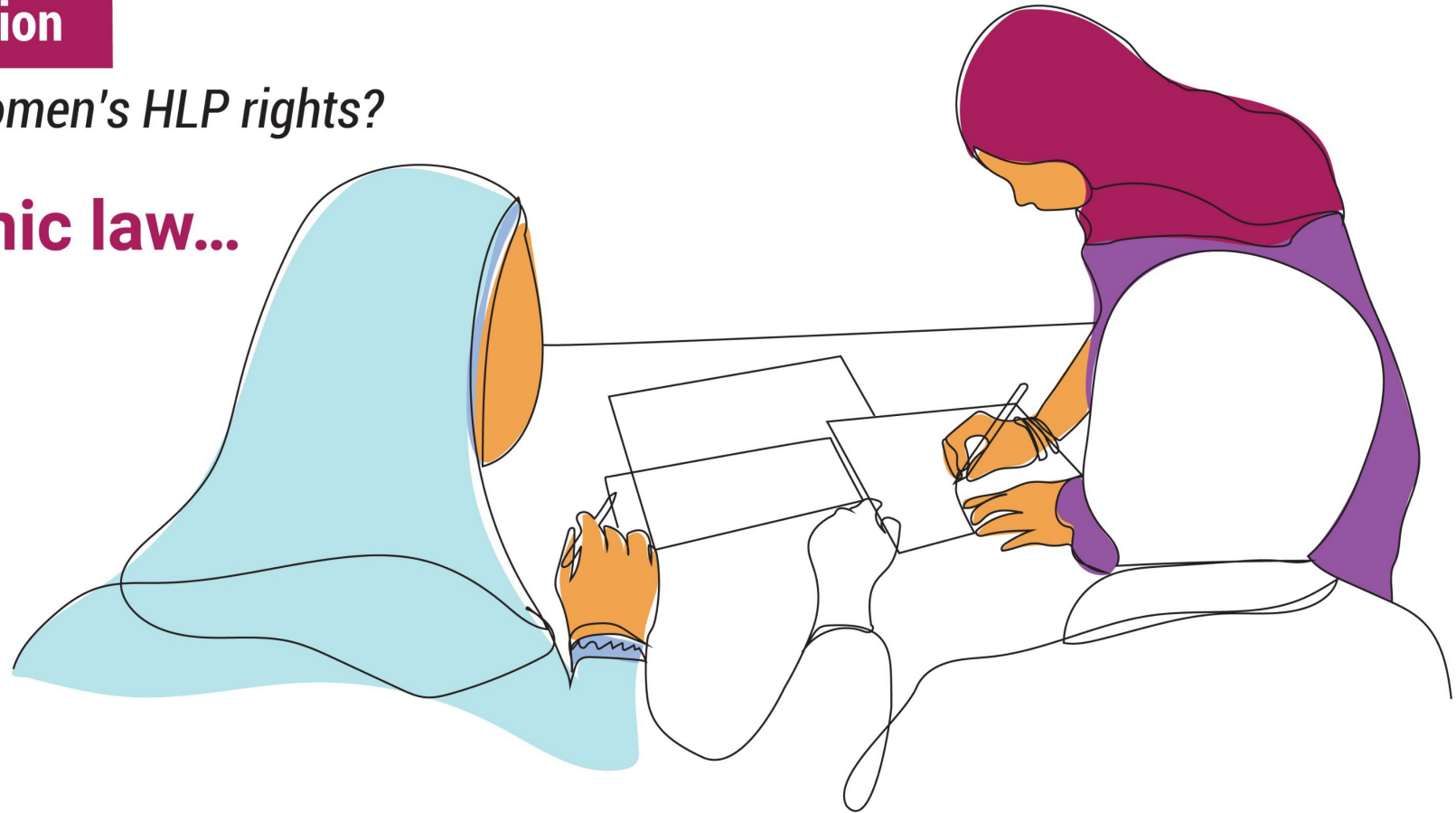
Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

Women can hold land titles individually and jointly.

www.arabstates.gltn.net



Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

There are no jurisprudential impediments that prevent joint marital property from being integrated in the marital contract - a civil agreement without sacramental connection - through clauses or separate agreements.

www.arabstates.glt.n.net



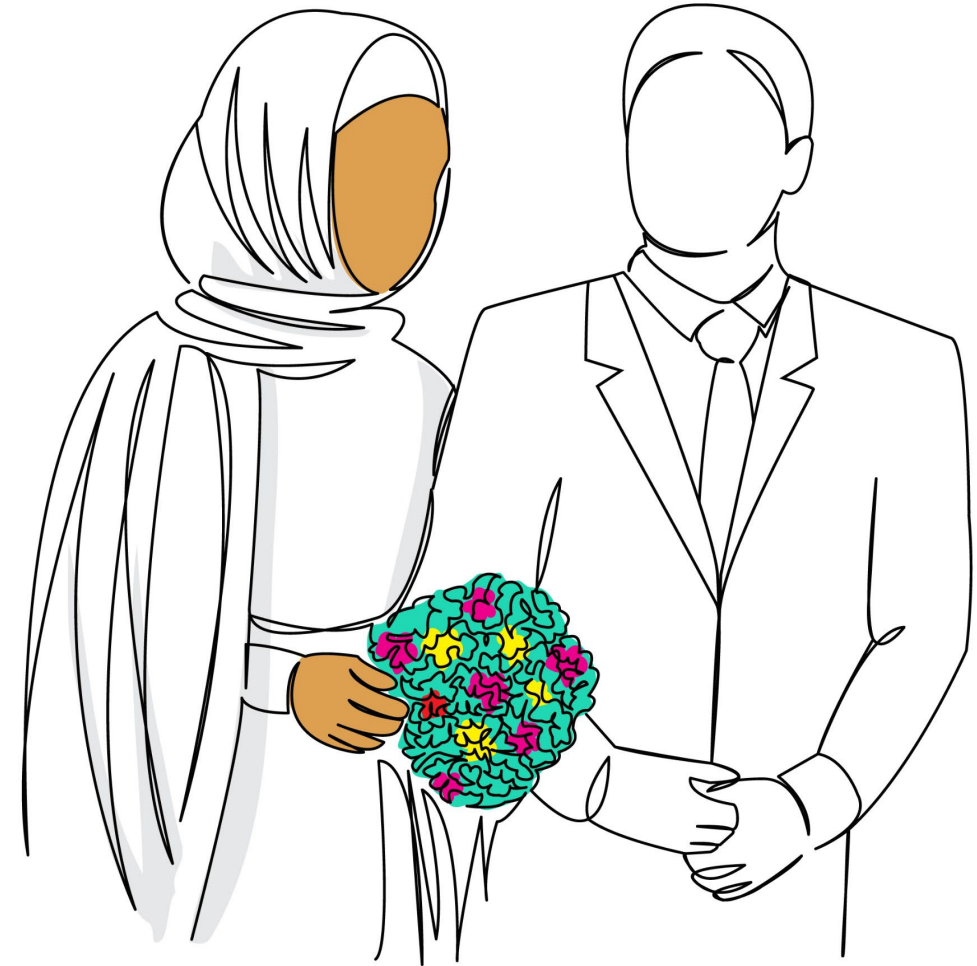
Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

Marriage is a spiritual, social and legal contract between two independent legal entities who have equal rights to negotiate terms, including property regimes and access to land, through the marital contract.

www.arabstates.gltn.net



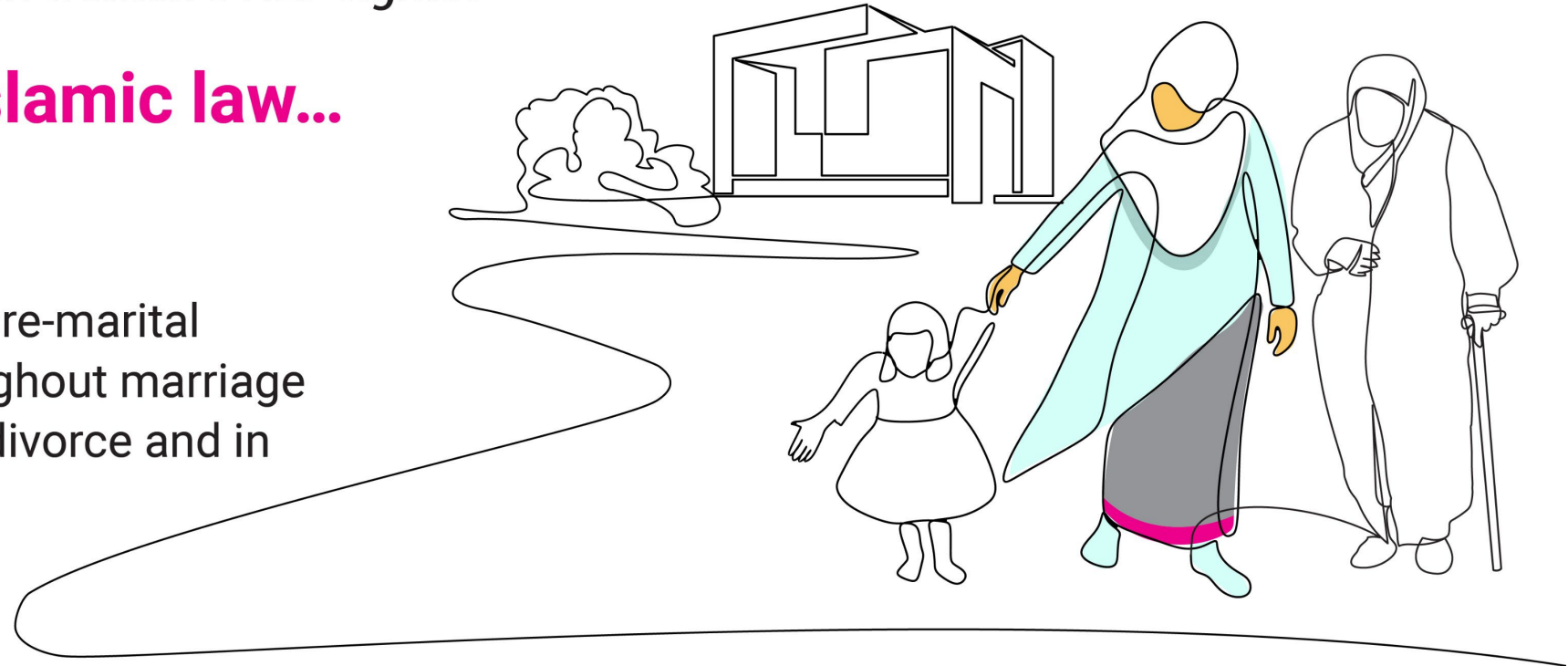
Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

Women retain control over pre-marital property and finances throughout marriage and, when applicable, after divorce and in case of widowhood.

www.arabstates.glt.n.net



Women and Land in the Arab region

What does Islamic law say on women's HLP rights?

According to the Islamic law...

At the time of marriage, the groom must pay a mandatory contractual amount (*mahr*) to the bride, or agree to pay at later date, in the form of movable and/or immovable property, including land. *Mahr* is exclusively the wife's property and does not waive her right to joint marital property.

www.arabstates.gltn.net

